



# LDBC Benchmark on JanusGraph



[https://github.com/Junyangz/ldbc\\_snb\\_janusgraph](https://github.com/Junyangz/ldbc_snb_janusgraph)

0 : IO | 张俊阳 张小洋 王传仁 刘志磊 冀海川 | 2018.6.20

# LDBC Benchmark

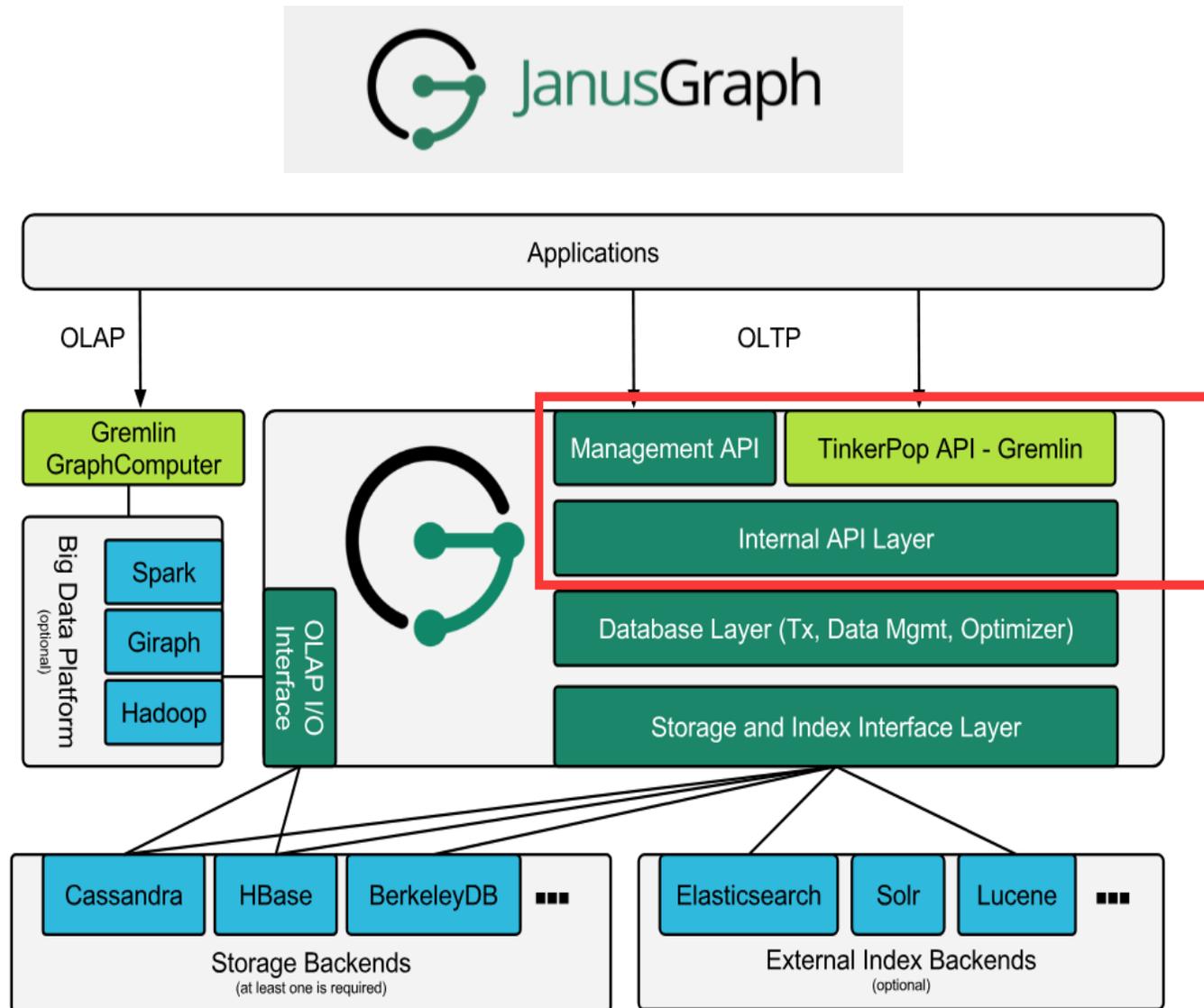
LDBC社交网络图数据Benchmark是一项针对专业图数据库的基准测试工具

SNB主要部件有下列四项

- SNB benchmark 规范文档
- SNB数据生成器
- LDBC驱动（实现查询的驱动）
- 交互式工作负载实现

# JanusGraph

JanusGraph是一个可扩展的图数据库，可以把包含数千万个顶点和边的图存储在多机集群上。它支持事务，支持数千用户实时、并发访问存储在其中的图



# 系统环境配置

JDK 1.8

Python 2.7

Maven 3.5

JanusGraph 0.2.0

Hadoop v2.6.0

Cassandra 3.11.2

Brekeley DB Java Edition 7.3.7

HBase 1.1.2.2.4.0.0-169

# 系统环境配置

## ➤ JanusGraph Backend

```
storage.backend=cassandrathrift | berkeleyje | hbase
```

```
storage.directory=$PathToData$ # for berkleyje
```

```
storage.hostname=$hostname$
```

# 系统环境配置

## ➤ JanusGraph Backend: Cassandra

单节点：

Host9 192.168.5.34

两节点：

seed Host9 192.168.5.34 | node: Host4 192.168.5.29

```
[user26@host9 ~]$ .opt/cassandra/bin/nodetool status
Datacenter: datacenter1
=====
Status=Up/Down
|/ State=Normal/Leaving/Joining/Moving
-- Address          Load          Tokens       Owns (effective)  Host ID                               Rack
UN  192.168.5.29     61.83 MiB    256          48.3%             978c82e3-1562-4745-b825-e4d882e897c8 rack1
UN  192.168.5.34     46.61 MiB    256          51.7%             64ea6135-a87d-4d90-af8e-12c1be7e05f3 rack1

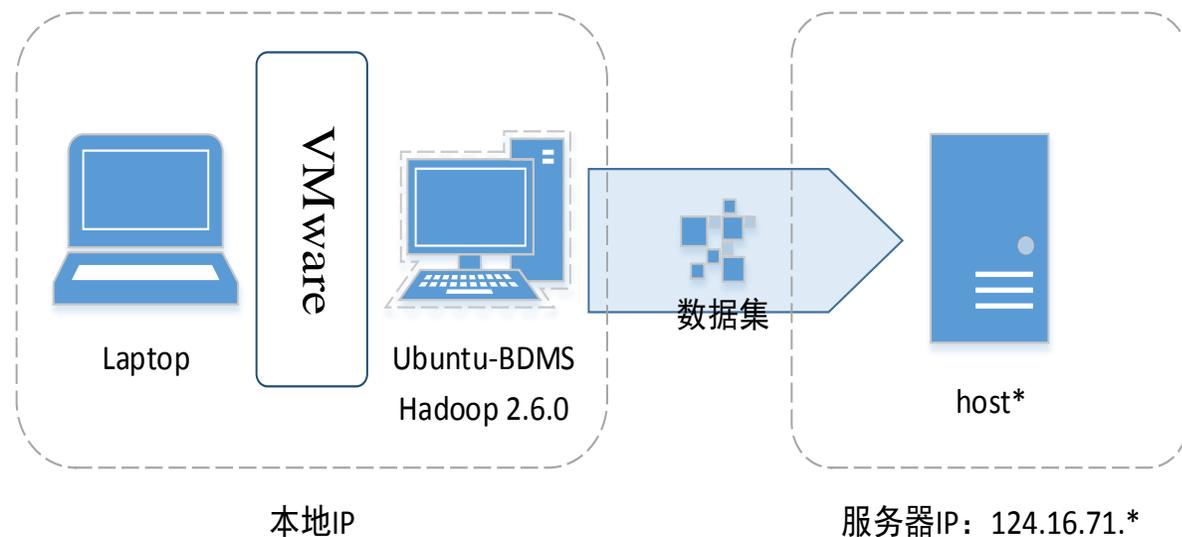
[user26@host9 ~]$
```

四节点：

```
[user26@host5 ~]$ .opt/cassandra/bin/nodetool status
Datacenter: datacenter1
=====
Status=Up/Down
|/ State=Normal/Leaving/Joining/Moving
-- Address          Load          Tokens       Owns (effective)  Host ID                               Rack
UN  192.168.5.30     19.28 MiB    256          24.1%             cfbb1ad7-7322-44df-bed7-0fe0a8a343f6 rack1
UN  192.168.5.32     22.11 MiB    256          26.2%             b3a9df85-790d-4c64-b497-569911eb15b3 rack1
UN  192.168.5.33     21.83 MiB    256          25.6%             3073e423-53e7-4a40-ad8a-71111825dd7f rack1
UN  192.168.5.35     25.96 MiB    256          24.1%             3f99fb7d-05d6-4d3a-9892-1f9adcd24610 rack1
```

# 数据生成

- `ldbc_snb_datagen` (以下简称`datagen`)使用Apache Hadoop v2.6.0进行数据生成
- 使用Maven 进行`ldbc_snb`项目的构建
- 使用python脚本对生成数据属性自定义设置



# 数据生成

- Datagen 参数（图属性、数据规模、数据项格式）
- **ldbc.snb.datagen.serializer.personSerializer**  
ldbc.snb.datagen.serializer.snb.interactive.CSVPersonSerializer
- **ldbc.snb.datagen.serializer.invariantSerializer**  
ldbc.snb.datagen.serializer.snb.interactive.CSVInvariantSerializer
- **ldbc.snb.datagen.serializer.personActivitySerializer**  
ldbc.snb.datagen.serializer.snb.interactive.CSVPersonActivitySerializer

# 数据生成

➤ Datagen 参数（图属性、数据规模、数据项格式）

● **ldbc.snb.datagen.generator.scaleFactor**  
snb.interactive.0.1

Scale Factor	1	3	10	30	100	300	1000
# of Persons	11K	27K	73K	182K	499K	1.25M	3.6M
# of Years	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Start Year	2010	2010	2010	2010	2010	2010	2010

生成标准的大小为100MB左右的测试数据，基本上每个不同entity的数据内容分别存储在不同的csv文件中。

# 数据生成

➤ Datagen 将生成三类文件

- **数据集**

用于benchmark测试的主要数据集，大约占生成数据的90%

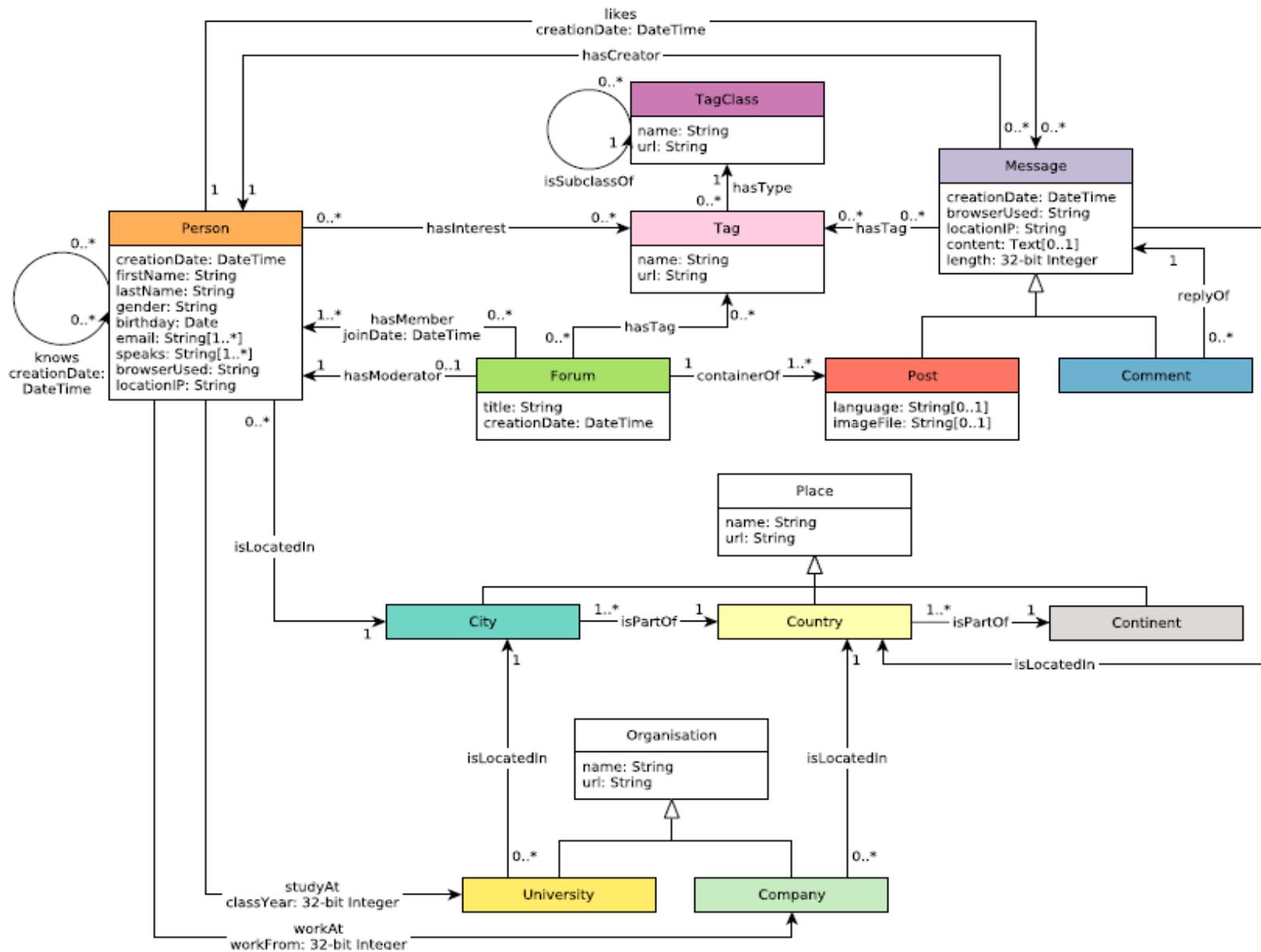
- **更新流 ( update stream )**

用于update query的数据，大约占生成数据的10%

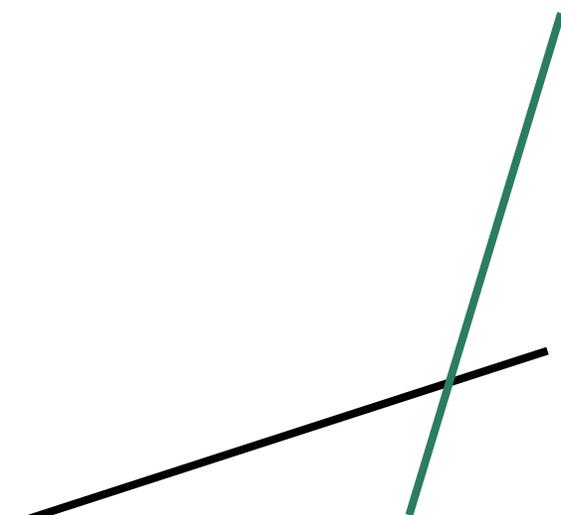
- **参数 ( substitution parameters )**

用于BI query和IC query的参数

# 数据生成



# Workload 实现

- Build the driver project. Use it both as a Maven dependency and as a standalone JAR file.
  - Create a new Java project and add the driver as a dependency.
  - Import the dataset to storage backend database.
  - Implement handlers for all operations
- 
- A decorative graphic in the bottom right corner consisting of two intersecting lines: a black line and a teal line.

# 数据导入

- 使用importer工具进行数据导入

将生成的social\_network数据导入到JanusGraph指定的存储后端中

通过执行com.ldbc.snb.janusgraph.importer.Main类来导入

基于LDBC ldbc\_snb\_implementations开源代码修改实现

# 数据导入

## ➤ 导入过程

启动JanusGraph server ( gremlin-server )

```
java -cp target/janusgraphSNBInteractive-0.1-SNAPSHOT-jar-with-dependencies.jar com.ldbc.snb.janusgraph.importer.Main [-n 2] [-s 2000] [-d test-data-100m/social_network] [-c bdb.conf]
```

--numThreads/-n #加载过程中线程数

--transactionSize/-s #读取文件事务的大小 ( 每个读取任务读取的行数 )

--dataset/-d #要导入数据集的文件夹路径

--backend-config/-c #配置后端存储的文件路径

# 数据导入

## ➤ 导入过程 以Cassandra作为存储后端

```
[user26@host9 janusgraph]$ ./import-to-janusgraph.sh
17:23:21.540 [main] INFO org.janusgraph - entered init
17:23:23.511 [main] INFO o.j.g.c.GraphDatabaseConfiguration - Set default timestamp
provider MICRO
17:23:23.525 [main] INFO o.j.d.c.t.CassandraThriftStoreManager - Closed Thrift conne
ction pooler.
17:23:23.530 [main] INFO o.j.g.c.GraphDatabaseConfiguration - Generated unique-insta
nce-id=c0a8052223854-host91
17:23:23.558 [main] INFO org.janusgraph.diskstorage.Backend - Initiated backend oper
ations thread pool of size 48
17:23:28.128 [main] INFO o.j.diskstorage.log.kcvs.KCVSLog - Loaded unidentified Read
Marker start time 2018-06-20T09:23:28.128Z into org.janusgraph.diskstorage.log.kcvs.K
CVSLog$MessagePuller@4d15107f
Connected
17:23:28.146 [main] INFO org.janusgraph - Building Schema
17:23:28.147 [main] INFO org.janusgraph - Creating Vertex Labels
17:23:30.316 [main] INFO org.janusgraph - Creating edge labels
17:23:32.023 [main] INFO org.janusgraph - Creating edge labels
17:23:32.139 [main] INFO org.janusgraph - Created Property Key browserUsed
17:23:32.251 [main] INFO org.janusgraph - Created Property Key length
17:23:32.365 [main] INFO org.janusgraph - Created Property Key locationIP
17:23:32.496 [main] INFO org.janusgraph - Created Property Key Comment.id
17:23:32.622 [main] INFO org.janusgraph - Created Property Key creationDate
17:23:32.735 [main] INFO org.janusgraph - Created Property Key content
```

# 数据导入

## ➤ 导入过程 以Cassandra作为存储后端

```
social_network/person_speaks_language_0_01057
17:32:19.819 [main] INFO org.janusgraph - completed loading of Vertex Properties
17:32:19.820 [main] INFO org.janusgraph - completed import data
17:32:19.820 [Thread-4] INFO org.janusgraph - Stats reporting thread interrupted
17:32:19.820 [main] INFO org.janusgraph - Number of vertices loaded: 327588 Number
of edges loaded 1477965
17:32:19.820 [Thread-4] INFO org.janusgraph - Vertices Loaded 327588, Edges Loaded 1
477965, Properties Loaded 2389451, Current vertices loaded/s 0, Current edges loaded/
s 1972, Current properties loaded/s 1750
17:32:19.904 [main] INFO o.j.d.c.t.CassandraThriftStoreManager - Closed Thrift conne
ction pooler.
```

约100M的图数据包含327588个点，1477965条边，  
2389451条Properties

# Workload 实现

- 基于 [https://github.com/ldbc/ldbc\\_snb\\_implementations](https://github.com/ldbc/ldbc_snb_implementations) 实现

## Operation Handler

LdbcQuery[1-14]Handler : 14个复杂查询

LdbcQueryU[1-8]Handler.java : 8个更新操作

LdbcShortQuery[1-7]Handler : 7个简单查询

# Workload 实现

## ● 以LdbcQuery2为例

```
query="g.V().has('Person.id', $id)."+
```

```
    "out('knows').as('friend').valueMap().as('x').in('hasCreator').has('creationDate',P.lte($maxDate))."+
```

```
    "order().by('creationDate',decr).by('messageId',incr)."+
```

```
    "Limit($Limit).as('post').valueMap().as('y')"+
```

```
    ".select('x','y')\n";
```

```
ResultSet resultSet = dbConnectionState.runQuery(query, parameters);
```

# Workload 实现

## ●以LdbcQuery2为例

```
"unit" : "MILLISECONDS",  
"throughput" : 13.820335636722607,  
"all_metrics" : [ {  
  "name" : "LdbcQuery1",  
  "count" : 31,  
  "unit" : "MILLISECONDS",  
  "run_time" : {  
    "name" : "Runtime",  
    "unit" : "MILLISECONDS",  
    "count" : 31,  
    "mean" : 4.67741935483871,  
    "min" : 3,  
    "max" : 8,  
    "25th_percentile" : 0,  
    "50th_percentile" : 4,  
    "75th_percentile" : 0,  
    "90th_percentile" : 6,  
    "95th_percentile" : 6,  
    "99th_percentile" : 8,  
    "99.9th_percentile" : 8,  
    "std_dev" : 1.0282179000328533  
  }  
}, {  
  "name" : "LdbcQuery2",  
  "count" : 17,  
  "unit" : "MILLISECONDS",  
  "run_time" : {  
    "name" : "Runtime",  
    "unit" : "MILLISECONDS",  
    "count" : 17,  
    "mean" : 5.235294117647059,  
    "min" : 3,  
    "max" : 7,  
    "25th_percentile" : 0,  
    "50th_percentile" : 5,  
    "75th_percentile" : 0,  
    "90th_percentile" : 6,  
    "95th_percentile" : 6,  
    "99th_percentile" : 7,  
    "99.9th_percentile" : 7,  
    "std_dev" : 1.0017286097603766  
  }  
}
```

# 图分割

- 默认策略

随机划分策略。随机安排顶点到所有机器上。

缺点：查询效率慢，存在大量的跨节点的通信。

- 显式划分

```
cluster.partition = true      // 开启集群自定义分区策略  
cluster.max-partitions = 32   // 最大的虚拟分区数  
ids.flush = false
```

# 图分割

- 显式划分

## Edge Cut (默认)

- ◆ 对于频繁遍历的边，应该减少cut edge的存在，从而减少跨设备间的通信，提高查询效率。即把进行遍历的相邻顶点放在相同的分区，降低通信消耗。

## Vertex Cut

- ◆ 目的：一个拥有大量边的顶点，在加载或者访问时会造成热点问题。Vertex Cut 通过分散压力到集群中所有实例从而缓解单顶点负载。

# 测试结果

```
erations [47], Last [00:00.028 (m:s.ms)], Throughput (Total) [13.74] (Last 3s) [13.74]
Shutting down status thread...
03:37:55,200 INFO ExecuteWorkloadMode:40 - Shutting down workload...
03:37:55,200 INFO ExecuteWorkloadMode:40 - Shutting down completion time service...
03:37:55,301 INFO ExecuteWorkloadMode:40 - Shutting down metrics collection service...
03:38:00,407 INFO ExecuteWorkloadMode:78 -
-----
Operation Count:                56
Duration:                       00:04.052.000 (m:s.ms.us)
Throughput:                      13.82 (op/s)
Start Time (China Standard Time): 2018-06-20 - 03:37:50.974
Finish Time (China Standard Time): 2018-06-20 - 03:37:55.026
-----
LdbcQuery1
  Units:                MILLISECONDS
  Count:                 31
  Min:                   3
  Max:                   8
  Mean:                  4.68
  50th Percentile:      4
  90th Percentile:      6
  95th Percentile:      6
  99th Percentile:      8
LdbcQuery2
  Units:                MILLISECONDS
  Count:                 17
  Min:                   3
  Max:                   7
  Mean:                  5.24
  50th Percentile:      5
  90th Percentile:      6
  95th Percentile:      6
  99th Percentile:      7
LdbcQuery3
  Units:                MILLISECONDS
  Count:                 8
  Min:                   7
  Max:                   15
  Mean:                  9.88
  50th Percentile:      8
  90th Percentile:      14
  95th Percentile:      15
```

Thanks

