

CLI Text Processing

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Know your Environment

```
$ ls *
baz.json  foo.xml  greeting.txt  sample.txt
$ echo *
baz.json foo.xml greeting.txt sample.txt

$ a='foo      123'
$ echo '$a'
$a
$ echo $a
foo 123
$ echo "$a"
foo      123

$ echo foo #123
foo
$ echo 'foo #123'
foo #123
```

Sample file

```
$ cat sample.txt  
Hello World!
```

Good day
How do you do?

Just do it
Believe 42 it!

Today is sunny
Not a bit funny
No doubt you like it too

Much ado about nothing
He he 123 he he

grep

```
$ grep 'day' sample.txt
```

```
Good day
```

```
Today is sunny
```

```
$ grep -i 'to' sample.txt
```

```
Today is sunny
```

```
No doubt you like it too
```

```
$ grep '[0-9]' sample.txt
```

```
Believe 42 it!
```

```
He he 123 he he
```

```
$ grep 'y$' sample.txt
```

```
Good day
```

```
Today is sunny
```

```
Not a bit funny
```

```
$ grep -w 'day' sample.txt
```

```
Good day
```

```
$ grep -l 'are' *
```

```
baz.json
```

```
foo.xml
```

```
$ grep -oE '[0-9]+' sample.txt
```

```
42
```

```
123
```

```
$ grep -c 'do' sample.txt
```

```
4
```

```
$ printf 'a.c\nabc' | grep 'a.c'
```

```
a.c
```

```
abc
```

```
$ printf 'a.c\nabc' | grep -F 'a.c'
```

```
a.c
```

sed

```
$ cat greeting.txt  
Hi there  
Have a nice day
```

```
$ sed 's/^Hi.*/Hello World!/' greeting.txt  
Hello World!  
Have a nice day
```

```
$ sed -i.bkp 's/[vnt][a-z]*/4/g' greeting.txt  
$ cat greeting.txt  
Hi 4  
Ha4 a 4 day
```

```
$ sed -n '/[0-9]/p' sample.txt
```

```
Believe 42 it!
```

```
He he 123 he he
```

```
$ sed -n '3p' sample.txt
```

```
Good day
```

```
$ sed -n '9,/to/p' sample.txt
```

```
Today is sunny
```

```
Not a bit funny
```

```
No doubt you like it too
```

```
$ # filtering + substitution
```

```
$ sed -n '/He/ s/^/123:/p' sample.txt
```

```
123: Hello World!
```

```
123: He he 123 he he
```

cut

```
$ printf 'foo\tbar\t123\tbaz\n' | cut -f2
bar

$ echo 'foo:bar:123:baz' | cut -d: -f1,4
foo:baz

$ echo 'one;two;three;four' |
      cut -d';' --output-delimiter=',' -f1,3-
one,three,four

$ echo '1,2,3,4,5,6,7' | cut -d, --complement -f1,3
2,4,5,6,7

$ echo 'hi there' | cut -c5-
here
```

awk

```
$ echo 'a b cde' | awk '{print $2}'  
b  
  
$ echo 'foo:123:bar:789' | awk -F: '{print $NF}'  
789  
$ echo 'foo:123:bar:789' | awk -F: '{print $(NF-1)}'  
bar  
  
$ echo 'a762b45c' | awk -F'[0-9]+' '{print $1, $NF}'  
a c  
  
$ echo '1:2:3:4' | awk -F: -v OFS='-' '{print $2,$4}'  
2-4  
  
$ echo 'abc 123 cab' | awk '{gsub(/[a-z]/,"X",$1)} 1'  
XXX 123 cab
```

```
$ awk '/do/ && !/it/' sample.txt
```

How do you do?

Much ado about nothing

```
$ awk '$1 ~ /u/{print $1}' sample.txt
```

Just

Much

```
$ awk 'NR==4' sample.txt
```

How do you do?

```
$ awk -v RS= '/bit/' sample.txt
```

Today is sunny

Not a bit funny

No doubt you like it too

perl

```
$ perl -e 'print "Hello Perl\n"'
```

```
Hello Perl
```

```
$ echo 'foo baz' | perl -pe 's/foo/123/'
```

```
123 baz
```

```
$ perl -ne 'print if /\d/' sample.txt
```

```
Believe 42 it!
```

```
He he 123 he he
```

```
$ echo 'foo _foo 1foo' | perl -pe 's/(?<!_)foo/baz/g'
```

```
baz _foo 1baz
```

```
$ s='I like "mango" and "guava"'
```

```
$ echo "$s" | perl -pe 's/"/[^"]+)(*SKIP)(*F)|\w+/\U$&/g'
```

```
I LIKE "mango" AND "guava"
```

```
$ echo 'a b cde' | perl -lane 'print $F[1]'  
b  
$ echo 'foo:123:bar:789' | perl -F: -lane 'print $F[-1]'  
789
```

```
$ echo '1,2,3,4,5,6' | perl -MList::Util=shuffle \  
    -F, -lane 'print join ",",shuffle @F'  
4,3,2,1,5,6
```

```
$ seq 2 | perl -0777 -ne 'print $_ x 3'  
1  
2  
1  
2  
1  
2
```

Misc

```
$ echo 'Hello World' | tr 'a-zA-Z' 'n-za-mN-ZA-M'  
Uryyb Jbeyq  
$ echo '2017-03-21' | tr -d '-'  
20170321  
  
$ printf 'z\nd\nk\n' | sort  
d  
k  
z  
$ printf '20\n2' | sort -n  
2  
20  
  
$ seq 3 | shuf  
2  
3  
1
```

```
$ printf 'a b c\nfoo 123 q\n' | column -t  
a     b     c  
foo   123   q
```

```
$ seq 3 | paste -sd:  
1:2:3
```

```
$ seq 4 | pr -2ts,  
1,3  
2,4  
$ seq 4 | pr -2ats,  
1,2  
3,4
```

```
$ printf 'a\tb  \r\n' | cat -A  
a^Ib  ^M$
```

xml

```
$ cat foo.xml
<foo>
    <abc attr="good">Hi there</abc>
        <xyz attr="bad">I am good. How are you?</xyz>
</foo>
```

```
$ xmlstarlet el foo.xml
foo
foo/abc
foo/xyz
$ xmlstarlet el -a foo.xml
foo
foo/abc
foo/abc/@attr
foo/xyz
foo/xyz/@attr
```

```
$ xmlstarlet sel -t -v 'foo/abc' foo.xml
Hi there

$ xmlstarlet sel -t -v 'foo/xyz/@attr' foo.xml
bad

$ xmlstarlet sel -t -v 'foo/*' foo.xml
Hi there
I am good. How are you?

$ xmlstarlet sel -t -v 'foo/*[@attr="bad"]' foo.xml
I am good. How are you?
```

- <http://xmlstar.sourceforge.net/doc/UG/xmlstarlet-ug.html>

json

```
$ cat baz.json
{
  "abc": {
    "@attr": "good",
    "text": "Hi there"
  },
  "xyz": {
    "@attr": "bad",
    "text": "I am good. How are you?"
  }
}
```

```
$ jq '.abc.text' baz.json
"Hi there"

$ jq '.[] | .text' baz.json
"Hi there"
"I am good. How are you?"

$ jq '.abc' baz.json
{
  "@attr": "good",
  "text": "Hi there"
}

$ jq '.[] | select(@attr=="good") | .text' baz.json
"Hi there"
```

- <https://stedolan.github.io/jq/manual/>

Further Reading

- [Command line text processing](#)
- [BashFAQ](#)
- [Linux Curated resources](#)
- [Why does my regular expression work in X but not in Y?](#)

Presentation prepared using [marp](#)