

$$dp[n] = \sum dp[n - ci]$$

[1, 2, 5], 5
0 1 2 3 4 5

```
const fn = (amount, coins) => {
```

```
  const dp = new Array(amount + 1).fill(0);
```

```
  dp[0] = 1;
```

```
  for (const c of coins) {
```

```
    for (let i = 1; i <= amount; i++) {
```

```
      if (i - c >= 0) {
```

```
        dp[i] += dp[i - c];
```

```
      }
```

```
    }
```

```
  }
```

```
  return dp[amount];
```

```
}
```

By moving coins to outer loop,
we are able to consider
combinations ending
at each coins only.

$dp[n] = (1) \Rightarrow \{$

let count = 0;

for (const c of coins) {

if (n - c >= 0) {

count += dp[n - c];

}

}

return count;

}

const fn = (amount, coins) => {

const dp = new Array(amount + 1).fill(0);

dp[0] = 1;

for (let n = 1; n <= amount; n++) {

$dp[n] = (1) \Rightarrow \{$

let count = 0;

for (const c of coins) {

if (n - c >= 0) {

count += dp[n - c];

}

}

return count;

[2, 3]

dp 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

1 0 1 1 1 2 2 3

[1, 2, 5]

0 1 2 3 4 5

1 1 2 3 5 9

wrong answer!

```
    }  
  }  
  return dp[amount];  
}
```